

LOUISVILLE'S BLUEPRINT FOR SAFE AND HEALTHY NEIGHBORHOODS

PHASE II



January 2015

SAFE AND HEALTHY NEIGHBORHOODS

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Dear Citizens:

Mayor

I am proud to present the Phase II Blueprint of our Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods Initiative - One Love Louisville: Be the One to Make a Difference. The campaign is an all hands on deck action plan, calling on every one of us to take an active role to make Louisville a city of safe neighborhoods, where all citizens feel secure, supported and prepared for lifelong success.

We have spent the last two years looking at local crime data, reviewing other cities' plans, identifying promising and best practices and engaging citizens from diverse backgrounds to develop this Phase II Blueprint including the One Love Louisville: Be the One to Make a Difference Action Plan. I believe that by implementing the 13 goals and 42 initiatives outlined in this action plan, we will see an overall reduction in violent crime across our city - thereby creating the safe and healthy neighborhoods we all desire.

Since the beginning of my administration in 2011, I have been committed to identifying resources to reduce violence in our city, with the ultimate goal of reducing violent deaths caused by homicide, suicide or overdose. I am thankful for those who have stepped up to help us reach our goals, but we need others from all sectors to make the same commitment.

Even though Louisville is ranked as the fourth safest city by the FBI when compared to our seventeen peer cities with populations between 500,000 and 800,000, we still experience an average of 263 violent deaths; 56 homicides, 86 suicides and 121 overdose - this is unacceptable. The Phase II Blueprint lays out action steps that we can all take to help prevent violence in our city. This is not an overnight fix - it will take time, commitment and targeted resources to see the reductions we all desire.

As we move into Phase II of the Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods initiative, I am excited that Louisville was selected to be a part of the National Forum on Youth Violence Prevention. This is a network of communities and federal agencies that work together, share information and build local capacity to prevent and reduce youth violence.

In light of the national and local conversations taking place around police accountability and police relationships with minority communities, I want to reiterate my commitment to build relationships, encourage dialogue and ensure transparency with all governmental policy. We will have body cameras on officers in one of our eight divisions by mid-2015 and the other seven in 2016. Please review goal 12 to see other efforts we will work on to create better relationships between LMPD and community members.

I want to thank the Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods toom and averyone involved in developing the Phase II

want to thank the Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods team and everyone involved in developing the Fhase if
Blueprint—and I encourage each of you to Be the One to Make a Difference! This is a community plan and with the
help of every resident we will succeed!
Sincerely,
Greg Fischer



Greetings!

I am thankful to live and work in a city that is taking a holistic approach to reducing violence. When we started this work two and a half years ago due to a violent event that heightened awareness of the need to focus on creating safe and healthy neighborhoods, Mayor Fischer made it very clear that it was not going to be an overnight fix. It continues to be an all hands on deck approach to create the city we all want and desire.

We are excited to rollout Phase II of the Blueprint for Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods which includes the *One Love Louisville – Be the One to Make a Difference* Action Plan. The Phase II Blueprint is a comprehensive overview of Louisville's journey toward safe and healthy neighborhoods. Over 150 of our fellow citizens spent six months developing the 13 goals and 42 initiatives that are outlined in the second half of this blueprint. They were tasked with creating goals and initiatives that would help us reduce homicides, suicides and overdoses, create better outcomes for those most impacted by these violent deaths and engage community members from all backgrounds.

Like the Mayor, I am very proud of the work outlined in the Phase II Blueprint of our Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods Initiative – *One Love Louisville*: *Be the One to Make a Difference* – it builds off the work of the Violence Prevention Workgroup report and Phase I of the Blueprint and gives us room to adjust as the community and data changes.

As we kickoff the *One Love Louisville* campaign – I would like to highlight three of the many ongoing community initiatives that are geared at reducing violence and helping citizens feel secure, supported and prepared for lifelong success:

- 1. Zones of Hope: A place based initiative designed to reduce the number of violent death experienced by young black men and boys, increase their educational and employment outcomes and change the narrative of black men and boys focused in five initial neighborhoods: Russell, Parkland, California, Newburg and Shawnee
- 2. Right Turn and Right Turn 2.0: Career-Focused Transition Initiative of KentuckianaWorks and the Kentucky Youth Career Center. It uses a three-phase career development model to promote the successful transition of Right Turn youth to employment, continued learning opportunities and independent living.
- 3. National Forum on Youth Violence: As a youth violence prevention site, Louisville becomes part of a network of communities and federal agencies who work together to develop comprehensive solutions towards youth violence prevention. Cities in the forum receive technical assistance, fund development, data and information to assist in reducing youth violence throughout their cities.

More initiatives are outline on page 7 of this blueprint. I look forward to working with each of you as we continue to make Louisville the safest city in the nation.

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Anthony Smith

Director for Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods



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Situation

As the result of homicide, suicide and overdose, there have been 1,477 deaths in Louisville from January 2009 through September 2014. This total includes 319 homicides, 488 suicides and 670 overdoses. Also during this time period, there were 12,197 aggravated assaults and 1,267 gunshot injuries. These deaths and injuries help illustrate the need for a comprehensive and targeted community plan aimed at reducing violence throughout Louisville.

Towards a Solution: Community Planning

Mayor Fischer created the Violence Prevention Work Group (VPWG) in June 2012 to take a hard look at violence in our community, identify the root causes and develop holistic strategies with long-term impacts. He chose more than 30 citizens to serve on the VPWG, co-chaired by Dr. Blain Hudson and Dr. LaQuandra Nesbitt. This group was comprised of neighborhood residents, corporate, community, faith-based and government partners. After much discourse, research and review the VPWG found that in order to increase positive outcomes and decrease violence in Louisville, the solution would have to be collective. In agreement with the systems theory³, the VPWG pinpointed five areas of engagement that impact and/or inform each other. The following five Core Areas of Engagement illustrate the scope of the Office for Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods (OSHN):

- Community Building
- Education
- Employment and Economic Development
- Health and Social Wellness
- Juvenile and Criminal Justice

Once the areas of engagement were pinpointed, the VPWG began creating short-term and long-term recommendations to decrease violence and increase positive outcomes. The VPWG released a report outlining forty-two recommendations that served as the foundation for the Phase I Blueprint for Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods. The primary recommendation was for the Mayor to hire someone to help the city move forward on the 42 recommendations which was accomplished and the OSHN was created.

In October 2013, the OSHN released the *Phase I Blueprint for Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods: Moving Louisville to Action*. The Phase I Blueprint illustrated the beginnings of the OSHN and provided the framework for how the office would move forward. It developed the governance structure, including the Mayor's Advisory Committee and the 11 workgroups designed to address specific aspects of the work.

¹ LMPD Crime Information Center-data subject to change based on investigative findings and subsequent reclassification of crimes

² LMPD Crime Information Center- data subject to change based on investigative findings and subsequent reclassification of crimes

³ Bertalanffy, von, L. (1968). General systems theory. New York: Braziller.



Many accomplishments have resulted from the Phase I Blueprint, including the formation of the 11 work groups; these work groups generated goals and initiatives to increase positive outcomes and reduce community violence over 24 months. Figure 3 highlights several other accomplishments made by the OSHN since its beginning in December 2012.

Community Building

Received a \$226, 400 grant from the James Graham Brown Foundation for the "Zones of Hope" initiative which supports the Black Male Achievement initiative in Parkland, California, Russell, Shawnee and Newburg

Received \$40,000 from anonymous local foundation to provide conflict resolution training to community center staff, youth and families

Increased youth development funding by \$800,000 to support youth development which increased staff and program capacity

Mayor's Faith Forum: used to engage the faith community in crisis response work

Metro Mentors: new policy that allows every Metro employee two hours a week to mentor

Ten community work groups were convened to develop SMART goals and initiatives to combat violence

Received \$20,000 from Homeland Security to build capacity of Neighborhood Watches

Education

JCPS created the Equity Scorecard and the Boys of Color Resolution

Participated in the revisions made to the JCPS Code of Conduct

College and Career Corners are under development at all Metro Community Centers

Created an intervention for children exposed to violence by convening partnership between LMPD, JCPS and Metro

LMPD secured Community Oriented Policing Services funding to deploy five additional School Resource Officer in JCPS & working with LMPD to ensure equity

Louisville Metro Free Public Library issued the 1,000 books before kindergarten challenge

Employment and Economic

KentuckianaWorks SummerWorks expanded outreach efforts to targeted youth and employed a total of 2,180 youth

Received \$2.25 million for the Right Turn program to connect 500 youth (ages 16-19 years) to educational and employment opportunities and to an adult mentor

Louisville Metro Dept. of Public Health & Wellness employed 25 youth in the Healing Future Fellows program summer 2014

Metro Parks employed a total of 82 youth during summer of 2014

Health and Wellness

Kentucky Crisis Response Team has been deployed to connect community members impacted by homicide to resources that will assist in minimizing the impact of a traumatic event

Developed partnership between University Hospital, Health Department and Mayor's Office to implement a hospitalbased intervention program for shooting and stabbing victims

Released the Healthy Louisville 2020 report which reinforces violence as a public health issue

Provided Psychological First Aid training to 60 community members

Juvenile and **Criminal Justice**

Expanded support for Restorative Justice ouisville by \$100,000

Received Right Turn grant for adult mentorship, juvenile record expungement and resources for youth involved in the criminal system

Convenes monthly meetings with incarcerated males ages 18 – 26 to discuss community problems and potential solutions

Staff was reassigned to oversee a pilot program for citizens returning from custody

LMPD created Real Time Crime Center

LMPD enhanced camera system, adding additional cameras

Received a \$300,000 Project Safe Neighborhood Grant for two years to address violent crime in the Parkland neighborhood

Youth Detention Services started an evening reporting center to provide more intensive supervision for at risk youth

Council passed resolution to support HB 70 (restoration of voters' rights for exfelons) signed by Mayor Fischer

Partnership with **Human Relations** Commission and HR to work with Council on Ban the Box

Figure 3: Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods Highlights



Introduction of Phase II Blueprint and One Love Louisville Action Plan

Vision: Louisville will be a city of safe neighborhoods, where all citizens feel safe, secure and fully prepared for lifelong success.

Primary Objective: Reduce the number of violent deaths experienced by young adults and decrease the number of youth exposed to violence.

Desired Outcomes:

- More Youth Connected to a Caring Adult
- Increase Opportunities for Returning Citizens
- Decrease in Shootings
- Decrease in Homicides
- Decrease in Suicides
- Decrease in Overdoses
- Increase in High School and College Graduation Rates

Desired Impacts:

- Reduction in Youth Violence
- More Resilient, Empowered Youth
- Fewer Youth Exposed to Violence
- Higher Employment Among Youth and Young Adults
- Better Educated Young People

Defining Violence: Phase I Blueprint for Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods: Moving Louisville to Action borrowed from the World Health Organization's definition of violence and defined violent crime as aggravated assaults, drug overdoses, gun injuries, homicides and suicides. Phase II continues to use this definition of violence. However, Phase II also highlights the need for the prevention of homicides, suicides and overdoses. These three areas of violence are emphasized because they are preventable and have long term and widespread impacts on individuals, families and communities. Focusing on these three forms of violence should lead to an overall reduction of all violent crimes across the city.

The current document, *Phase II Blueprint for Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods: One Love Louisville-Be the One to Make a Difference* outlines the history, methods and strategies of the OSHN. It also presents the *One Love Louisville Action Plan* and campaign. This campaign focuses on engaging all of Louisville's residents by illustrating everyone's role in creating a city of safe and healthy neighborhoods. The action plan presents 13 goals and 42 initiatives that outline the work of the OSHN and community partners from January 2015 throughout January 2017.

Table 1 outlines the 13 goals that are listed in the action plan (no order of priority).

⁴ Krug EG et al., (2002), eds. World report on violence and health. Geneva, World Health Organization.



Introduction of Phase II Action Plan Goals (No Order of Priority)

GOAL	SUPPORTING WORK GROUP	LMG STRATEGIC PLAN IMPACT	PIER Tactic						
COMMUNITY BUILDING									
Goal 1: See high levels of civic participation reflected evenly throughout Louisville Metro	Civic and Community Engagement	 Advance Inclusion and Diversity (15) Promote Volunteerism and Giving (21) 	P						
Goal 2: Map the leadership landscape in Louisville Metro in order to identify community connectors, pinpoint gaps in services and create better marketing of existing leadership development opportunities	Civic and Community Engagement	Reduce Crime (3)Advance Inclusion and Diversity (15)	Р						
Goal 3: Increase community engagement and awareness of violence prevention efforts throughout Louisville Metro	Public Relations, Marketing	Reduce Crime (3)Plan for the Future (17)	P,I,E, R						
Goal 4: Create a faith-based violence reduction system in Louisville Metro	Faith Based Engagement	Reduce Crime (3)Make More Services Available Online (4)	P, I, R						
EDUCATION									
Goal 5: Assess current community programs to identify effective strategies and gaps in services to increase effective programs	Program Development	Increase College Graduation Rates (8)	P						
Goal 6: Provide resources and tools for parents and guardians to help their children succeed academically, socially and emotionally	Parental Engagement	 Increase College Graduation Rates (8) Plan for the Future (17) 	P, I						
EMPLOYMENT AND ECONOMIC	DEVELOPMENT								
Goal 7: Build an infrastructure to promote business connections	Economic Development	Reduce Crime (3)Create More Jobs (7)	P						
Goal 8: Develop strategies to connect job seekers to entry level opportunities and entry level opportunities to job seekers	Economic Development	Plan for the Future (17)Create More Jobs (7)	P, I, R						
HEALTH AND SOCIAL W	ELLNESS								
Goal 9: Adopt, support and promote a Louisville Metro wide strategy for suicide prevention	Suicide Prevention	Help Our Citizens Get Healthy (13)	P, I						
Goal 10: Decrease the number of overdoses throughout Louisville Metro by 10% by December 2016	Substance Abuse Prevention	Reduce Crime (3)Help Our Citizens Get Healthy (13)	P, I, R						
Goal 11: Decrease the number of youth using illegal substances througout Louisville Metro by 2% by December 2016	Substance Abuse Prevention	Reduce Crime (3)	P, I						
JUVENILE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE									
Goal 12: Assist in creating a climate in which residents, LMPD and LMPD officers have a more favorable relationship that includes increased trust and positive perceptions of one another through the promotion of legitimate, transparent and just exercising of LMPD officers' (discretionary) power during citizen-officer encounters	Police Initiatives: Community Initiatives	Reduce Crime (3)Plan for Our Future (17)	P, I, E, R						
Goal 13: Identify opportunities for three partnerships to implement evidence based practices to improve identified outcomes for at risk youth and returning citizens by December 2016	Juvenile and Criminal Justice	Reduce Crime (3)	P, I, R						

Table 1: Introduction of Phase II Goals (no order of priority)



Introduction

The Office for Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods (OSHN) is a Louisville Metro office within the Mayor's Office. It was created in March 2013 in response to violence in our city and nation. The role of the OSHN is to ensure that safe and healthy neighborhoods remain a top priority and to break down the silos across government and community. This is accomplished by working in partnership with Louisville metro departments, residents, community and faith-based organizations to



implement and coordinate violence prevention efforts throughout the city. The first phase was titled Phase I Blueprint for Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods: Moving Louisville to Action and the current phase is titled Phase II Blueprint for Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods: One Love Louisville-Be the One to Make a Difference.

Each section of the Phase II Blueprint is intended to tell the story of Louisville's journey towards a city of safe and healthy neighborhoods. It primarily seeks to outline, illustrate and provide context for the January 2015 to January 2017 Action Plan. Statistical background is provided in the section titled, "Current Situation of Violence in Louisville," which focuses on homicides, suicides and drug overdoses. Theoretical background and methodology is explained in "Guiding Framework and Methodology." An overview of the OSHN endeavors can be found in "Louisville Responds: Toward a Solution" which discusses the past (2011-2014), present (2015-2017) and future happenings (2017 and beyond). The "One Love Louisville Action Plan" outlines and aligns the community's plan that will guide the work of the OSHN for a two year period. The Phase II Blueprint concludes with the presentation of "Be the One to Make a Difference Tip Sheets." The purpose of the tip sheets is to illustrate how all Louisville residents can do something to possibly prevent a violent death and thus help bring Louisville closer to the vision of creating a city of safe neighborhoods where all citizens feel secure, supported and prepared for lifelong success.





Introduction

Note on Data:

The Phase II Blueprint utilizes data from January 2013-September 2014 due to the availability of data provided by the Louisville Metro Police Department's Crime Data Center and raw data from the Louisville Metro Coroner's Office. This data is subject to change based on investigative findings and subsequent reclassification of crimes. The true number of homicides, suicides and overdoses is difficult to estimate due to the sensitive and sometimes criminal nature of these deaths. For these reasons, the data presented is based on approximations of available information. Lastly, there is no comprehensive real time database that reconciles data related to suicides and overdoses between the Louisville Metro Police Department's Crime Data Center and Louisville Metro Coroner's Office, and thus the data presented is from two separate sources. As a reminder, Louisville Metro is defined as Jefferson County. This information illustrates who is being impacted and where the violence is occurring.



Current Situation in Louisville

Louisville is a relatively safe city and was ranked as the 4th safest city amongst cities of similar populations (500, 000 to 799, 999) according to 2013 crime data as reported to the FBI⁵. The OSHN realizes that even one death is too many and thus the work to reduce the violent deaths due to homicides, suicides and overdoses is vital to creating a city where all citizens feel secure, supported and prepared for lifelong success. Throughout a five year span, Louisville Metro experienced 1,320 violent deaths, deaths due to homicide, suicide or overdose. Tables 2-4 illustrate the total number of violent deaths from 2009 through 2013⁶.

Homicides							
Division	Total	Avg.					
1	53	(11)					
2	88	(18)					
3	28	6					
4	59	(12)					
5	7	1					
6	21	4					
7	14	3					
8	10	2					
Total	280	56					

Suicides							
Division	Total	Avg.					
1	33	7					
2	21	4					
3	82	(16)					
4	67	(13)					
5	45	9					
6	59	12					
7	70	(14)					
8	54	11					
Total	431	86					

Overdoses							
Division	Total	Avg.					
1	72	14					
2	41	8					
3	150	(30)					
4	123	25)					
5	40	8					
6	75	15					
7	79	(16)					
8	29	6					
Total	609	121					

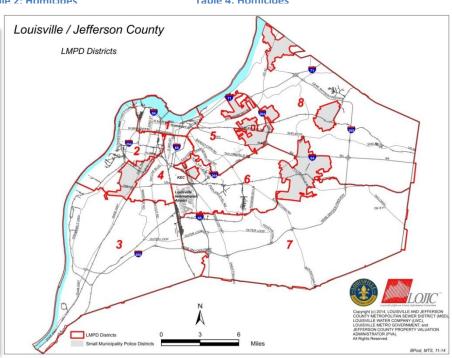
Table 2: Homicides

Table 2: Homicides

Table 4: Homicides

LMPD Patrol Divisions:

- 1st Division downtown area including the Portland, Russell and Phoenix Hill neighborhoods.
- 2nd Division Shawnee, Chickasaw and Park
 Du Valle neighborhoods
- 3rd Division Iroquois Park, Pleasure Ridge Park neighborhoods.
- 4th Division Smoketown, Churchill Downs, the Fairgrounds and South Louisville neighborhoods.
- 5th Division Highlands, Clifton and
 Cherokee and Seneca Parks neighborhoods
- 6th Division Audubon Park, Newburg,
 Norfolk, the airport and GE neighborhoods.
- 7th Division Okolona, Fern Creek, Ford and the Jefferson Mall neighborhoods.
- 8th Division Middletown, Lyndon, Oxmoor and the Ford Truck Plant neighborhoods.



⁵ Ranking based on violent crime per 100, 000 provided by LMPD Crime Data Center.

⁶ All data provided by LMPD Crime Data Center, Historical Homicide and Shooting Analysis Report (11-5-14); data subject to change based on investigative findings and subsequent reclassification of crimes; all percentages approximated



Current Situation in Louisville: Suicide

⁷Suicide is the intentionally self-inflicted injury that results in death

Between January 2013 and September 2014, 186 Louisville residents have lost their lives as a result of a suicide.⁸ Demographic information illustrates that 85% of the suicide victims were Caucasian, 12% were African American and 3% were Asian or Hispanic.

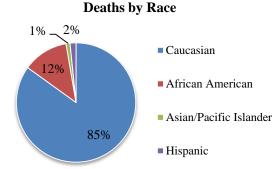


Figure 4: Suicide Deaths by Race

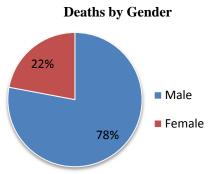
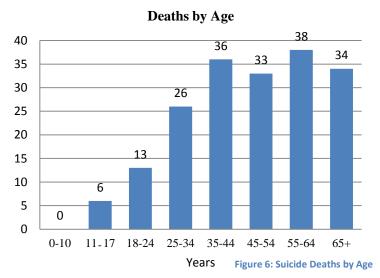


Figure 5: Suicide Deaths by Gender

The data shows that 78% of these deaths were male and 22% were female. Data findings illustrates that 89% were over the age of 24 years and 75% over the age of 34 years. The highest numbers of deaths were of adults between the ages of 55 to 64 years, however, that number is only two deaths away from the second highest number which was of adults between the ages of 35 to 44. This does not depict a clear distinction between the groups.

Identifying the race, gender, age and geographical location of those who have died helps detect who is dying so that resources and energy can be directed to where they can have the greatest impact. Figures 7 and 8 identify deaths by zip code and police patrol divisions.



⁷ Center for Disease Control and Prevention-<u>http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/wisqars/fatal/help/definitions.htm</u>

⁸ All suicide data provided by LMPD Crime Data Center, Historical Homicide and Shooting Analysis Report (11-5-14) and Louisville Coroner's Office; data subject to change based on investigative findings and subsequent reclassification of crimes; all percentages approximated



Current Situation in Louisville: Suicide

Suicide deaths occur all across the city, however, data from both the Coroner's Office and LMPD illustrate that certain areas of the city are impacted at higher numbers. Figure 7 represents

the rate of suicides based on the zip code of the victim's residence. This illustration only represents zip codes that have had five or more suicides between January 2013 and September 2014⁹.

This data illustrates that out of the 39 zip codes that make up Louisville Metro, 16 zip codes account for 73% of suicide victims. Zip code 40291 has the highest number of suicide victims and zip codes 40258 and 40218 had only two deaths less than the highest.

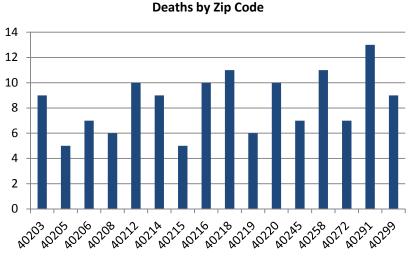


Figure 7: Suicide Deaths by Zip Code

When compared to police patrol divisions, the zip codes with the highest number fall into the following divisions: 3, 4, 6, and 7, which is represented in the map below.

Given this current situation of suicides in Louisville, we have decided that emphasis be placed on programs, services, resources and/or initiatives that impact the following groups:

- Caucasians
- Males
- Residents 25 years of age and older
- ➤ Police Divisions 3,4,6, and 7

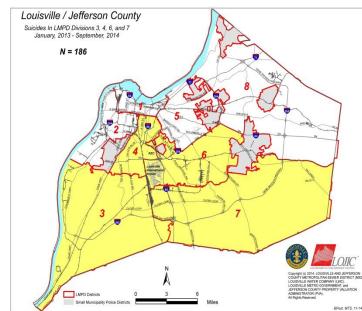


Figure 8: Suicide Deaths by Highlighted District

⁹ See footnote 8



Current Situation in Louisville-Overdose

 10 Drug Overdose occurs when a drug is eaten, inhaled, injected and/or absorbed through the skin in excessive amounts and injures the body and results in death.

Between January 2013 and September 2014, 261 Louisville residents have lost their lives as a result of a drug overdose. 11 Demographic information illustrates that 87% of overdose deaths were Caucasian, 11% as African American and the remaining 2% as Asian.

Deaths by Race 2% Caucasian 11% African American 87% Asian/Pacific Islander

Figure 9: Overdose Deaths by Race

Deaths by Gender 35% Male ■ Female 65%

Figure 10: Overdose Deaths by Gender

The data shows that 65% of these deaths were male and 35% were female. Data illustrates that 33% were between the ages of 25 to 34 years of age, 23% were between the ages of 45 to 54 years and 21% were between the ages of 35 to 44 years.

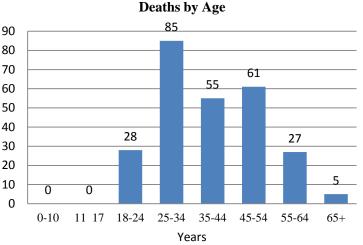


Figure 11: Overdose Deaths by Age

 $^{^{10}\,\}text{Center for Disease Control and Prevention- http://www.cdc.gov/homeandrecreationalsafety/overdose/facts.html}$

¹¹ All overdose data gathered from Louisville Metro Coroner's Office; data subject to change based on investigative findings and subsequent reclassification of crimes



Current Situation in Louisville-Overdose

Overdose deaths like suicide deaths, occur all across the city, however, data from both the Coroner's Office and LMPD illustrate that certain areas of the city are impacted at higher rates. Figure 12 represents the number of overdoses based on the zip code of the victim's residence¹².

This illustration represents zip codes that have experienced ten or more drug overdose deaths between January 2013 and September 2014. This data illustrates that out of the 39 zip codes that make up Louisville Metro, 10 zip codes account for 56% of overdose deaths. Zip code 40214 has the highest number of overdose victims and zip code 40216 has two deaths less than the highest. When compared to police patrol divisions, the zip codes with the highest number fall into the following divisions: 3, 4, 6, and 7; which is represented in the map below.

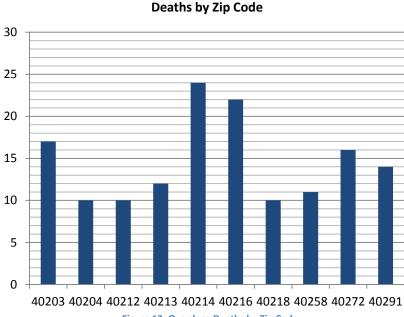


Figure 12: Overdose Deaths by Zip Code

Given this current situation of overdoses in Louisville, we have decided that emphasis be placed

on programs, services, resources and/or initiatives that impact the following groups:

- Caucasians
- Males
- Residents between the ages of 25 years and 34 years of age
- > Patrol Divisions 3, 4, 6, and 7

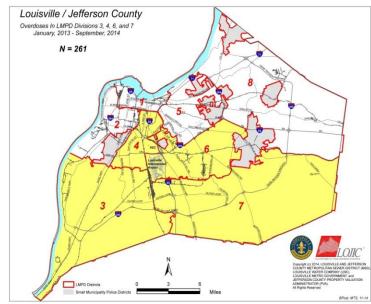


Figure 13: Overdose Deaths by Highlighted District

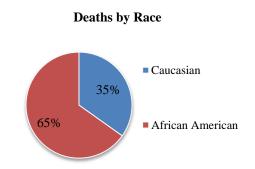
¹² See footnote 11



Current Situation in Louisville: Homicide

¹³Homicide is the injury inflicted by another person with intent to injure or kill, that result in death.

Between January 2013 and September 2014, 89 Louisville residents have lost their lives as a result of a homicide. ¹⁴ Demographic information illustrates that 65% of the homicide victims were African American and 35% were Caucasian.



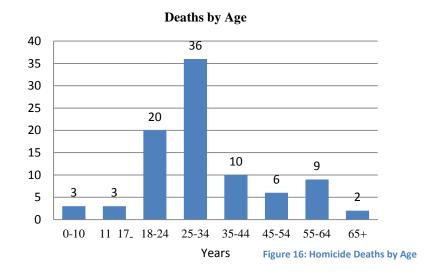
Deaths by Gender

22% Male ■ Female

Figure 15: Homicide Deaths by Gender

Figure 14: Homicide Deaths by Race

The data shows that 78% of these deaths were male and 22% were female. Data findings illustrates that 74% of these deaths were to adults 18 to 44 years of age; 19% of these deaths were 45 years and older, while 6.7% of homicide deaths were to residents 17 years old and younger. When these age categories are reduced, approximately 63% of these deaths were of residents between ages 18 and 34 years.



¹³ Center for Disease Control and Prevention (Excludes injuries due to legal intervention and operations of war.)http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/wisqars/fatal/help/definitions.htm

14 All homicide data provided by LMPD Crime Data Center, Historical Homicide and Shooting Analysis Report (11-5-14); data

subject to change based on investigative findings and subsequent reclassification of crimes; all percentages approximated



Current Situation in Louisville: Homicide

The data highlights that approximately 69% of homicides took place in Division 1, 2 or 4.¹⁵ A closer look shows that 28% of homicides took place in Division 2; approximately 22% took place in Division 1 and approximately 18% took place in Division 4.¹⁶

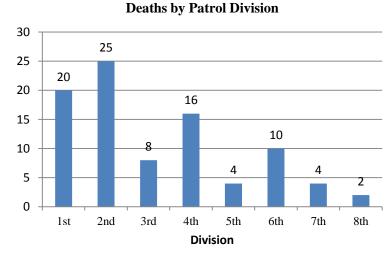


Figure 17: Homicide Deaths by LMPD Division

Given the current situation of homicides in Louisville, we have focused programs, services, resources and/or initiatives that impact the following groups:

- > African-Americans
- Males
- Residents 18-34 years of age
- Neighborhoods in Police Division 1, 2 and 4

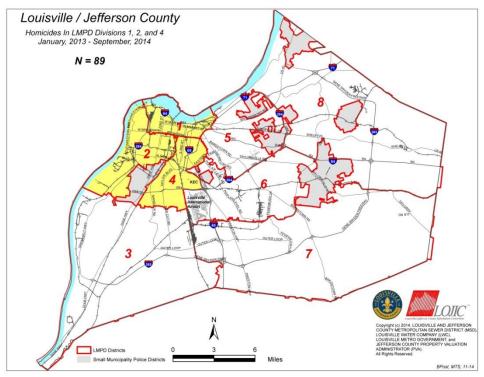


Figure 18: Homicide Deaths by Highlighted Divisions

¹⁵ Patrol division listings and descriptions at: http://louisvilleky.gov/government/police/patrol-divisions

¹⁶ All homicide data provided by LMPD Crime Data Center, Historical Homicide and Shooting Analysis Report (11-5-14); data subject to change based on investigative findings and subsequent reclassification of crimes; all percentages approximated



The "Current Situation in Louisville" section highlights the big picture reasons for why the work of the OSHN is necessary and important for the safety and health of all residents by providing the statistical context of homicides, suicides and overdoses. "Guiding Framework and Methodology" provides overviews of the theoretical framework and methodology being utilized to reduce the number of violent deaths.

The OSHN has developed a planning and execution process that guides the development of the Phase II Blueprint including the *One Love Louisville* Action Plan implementation. Figure 19 introduces the planning and implementation process of the OSHN which illustrates the guiding framework, methodology and tactical approach that was utilized to develop the scope of work, focus areas and ultimately the *One Love Louisville* Action Plan goals and initiatives.

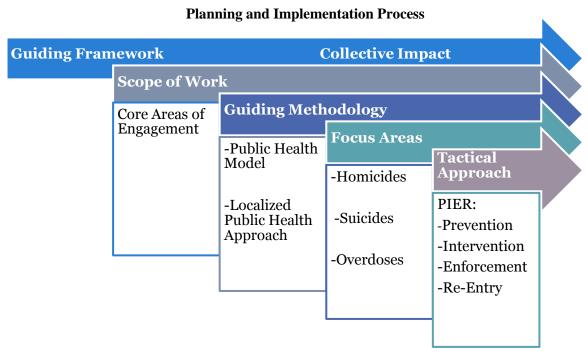


Figure 19: OSHN Planning and Implementation Process

These frameworks and principles have been identified as successful tools in engaging a wide array of stakeholders, identifying solutions to a complex social problem and implementing citywide changes. The Collective Impact Model, Public Health Model, Localized Public Health Approach and PIER Tactic are defined in the current section. The Core Areas of Engagement and Focus Areas are discussed in upcoming sections.



Guiding Framework: Collective Impact¹⁷

The guiding framework is the Collective Impact Model which allows the opportunity to create large scale, long lasting solutions to this complex social problem. Collective Impact refers to the coordination of efforts by organizations and stakeholders such as government partners, community groups and organizations and the business community. This approach is based on five conditions of success.

Common Agenda	All participants have a common agenda for change including a shared understanding of the problem and a joint approach to solving it through agreed upon actions.
Shared Measurement	Collecting data and measuring results consistently across all participants ensures shared measurement for alignment and accountability.
Mutually Reinforcing Activities	A plan of action that outlines and coordinates mutually reinforcing activities for each participant.
Continuous Communication	Open and continuous communication is needed across the many players to build trust, assure mutual objectives and create common motivation.
Backbone Organization	A backbone organization(s) with staff and specific sets of skills to serve the entire initiative and coordinate participating organizations and agencies.

Table 3: Collective Impact 5 Conditions of Success

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¹⁷ Hanleybrown, F., Kania, J., & Kramer, M. (2011). Channeling change: making collective impact work. *Stanford Social Innovation Review*. Retrieved from: www.fsg.org



Guiding Methodology: Public Health Model¹⁸

The Public Health Model is multi-disciplinary and science-based. Following the public health model to violence reduction, the focus is on the safety and well-being of the entire city. The public health model is a four-step process that can be applied to health problems, including violence. The OSHN and collaborators have adapted this approach to fit local conditions and is outlined on Figure 23.

- 1. Define and monitor the problem: understand the who, what, when, where and how associated with violence.
- 2. Identify risk and protective factors: understand what protects people or puts them at risk for facing or committing violence.
- 3. Develop and test prevention strategies: utilize research data and findings in an evidence-based approach to test and determine effectiveness of methods or programs.
- 4. Assure widespread adoption: follow proven effectiveness, methods and/or programs disseminated across all communities.

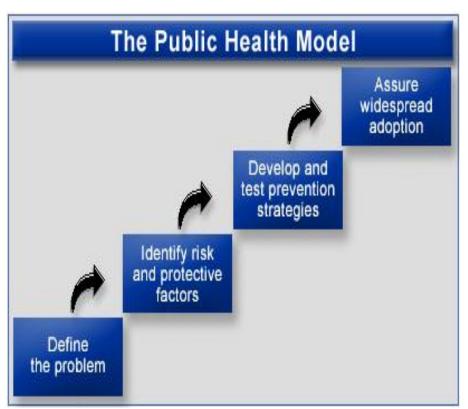


Figure 20: Public Health Model

¹⁸ Dahlberg LL, Krug EG. Violence-a global public health problem. In: Krug E, Dahlberg LL, Mercy JA, Zwi AB, Lozano R, eds. World Report on Violence and Health. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization; 2002:1-56.



Tactical Approach: PIER

The utilized tactical approach is the PIER (Prevention, Intervention, Enforcement and Reentry). This tactic identifies multiple levels of engagement and detects the type of work that should be accomplished in the focus areas to reach the goal of safe and healthy neighborhoods. This strategy was first published in an article written by Bobby Kipper published for the International Association of Chiefs of Police in State Association of Chiefs of Police (SACOP) in November of 2007. Each level of the PIER framework must be closely examined by community stakeholders to identify risk factors, gaps in services and strategies to address the issues at hand.

PIER levels are interconnected and promote long lasting, large scale change.

- Prevention: reaching individuals, families and communities before violence happens so that violence is less likely to occur
- Intervention: dealing with violence as it happens or is about to happen to produce a more positive outcome
- Enforcement: punishing perpetrators of violence in a just and meaningful manner to prevent recidivism and insure justice for victims
- Re-Entry: assisting those who have committed crimes come back into the community by providing resources and opportunities to prevent recidivism and re-build community



Figure 21: PIER Tactics



Localized Public Health Model. After identifying the need for the public health model, the OSHN simplified the approach to take strides toward safe and healthy neighborhoods in Louisville Metro. The localizing of the model focuses solely on the streamlining of resources. This approach allows for the identification of hot spots, which are areas that are found to have high needs or assets. In terms of creating safe and healthy neighborhoods, hot spots are areas that are highly impacted by violence and can change based on new information. Figure 23 outlines the three simplified steps taken by the OSHN as well as the outcomes of those steps.

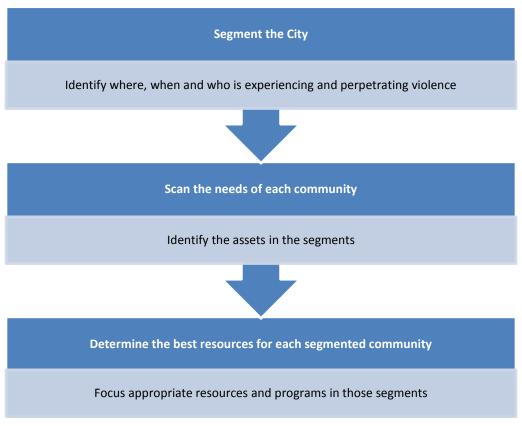


Figure 23: Localized Public Health Model



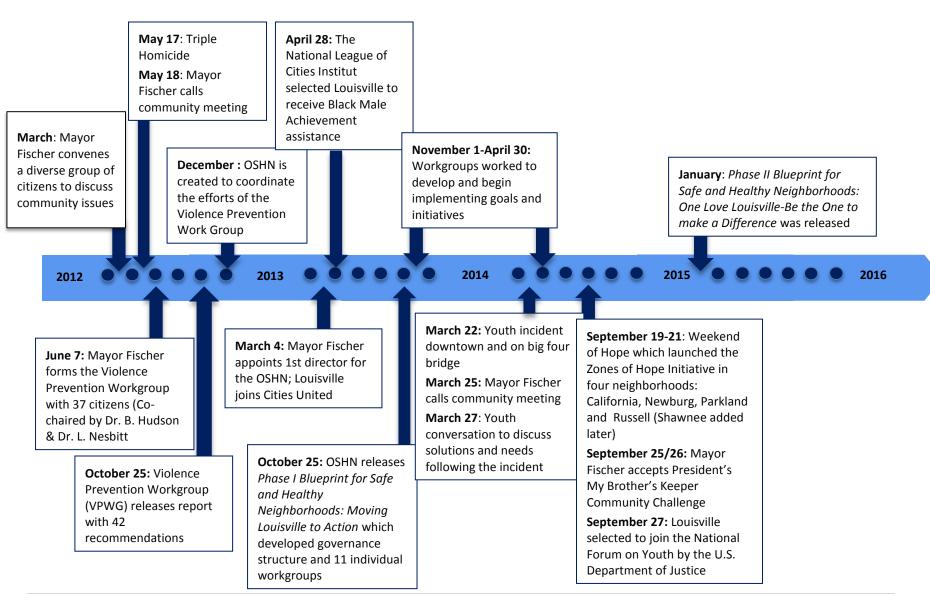
Implementation Principles

The Phase II Blueprint's framework, methodology, tactics and action plan will be executed utilizing the following principles:

- Results Orientation: Commitment to common results and indicators for the city as a whole and development of a schedule and method to track progress.
- Emphasis on Effectiveness and Efficiency: Increase and systematize coordination and collaboration by forging new partnerships and pooling/aligning resources.
- *Target Resources*: Identify available resources to fund OSHN projects.
- Representation: Everyone will have a role and a voice—increase resident and neighborhood engagement and build positive connections.
- Engage Leadership: Identify champions from the public, private, nonprofit, faith and grassroots sectors.
- Balance: Utilize an overall approach that balances personal accountability with mutual assistance- neighbor to neighbor, parent to child, government to resident, youth to community, community- or faith-based organization to member or beneficiary.



Louisville Responds: Towards a Solution





The Past: The Beginning Stages of the OSHN

Following the March 17, 2012 triple homicide near the intersection of 32nd Street and Greenwood Street, Louisville took a very intentional stand against violence. Mayor Greg Fischer called together the Violence Prevention Work Group (VPWG) to identify the root cause of these violent crimes and to develop holistic strategies with long-term impacts. The VPWG comprised of neighborhood residents, corporate, community, faith-based, and government partners worked from June 2012 to October 2012 and released 42 recommendations¹⁹. The number one recommendation of the VPWG was to hire someone to coordinate the city's efforts to reduce violent crime. In March 2013, Mayor Fischer hired a director for the new OSHN and it became the division of the Mayor's Office that focuses on reducing violent crime and increasing positive outcomes throughout all areas of the city. On October 25, 2013 the OSHN released the *Phase I Blueprint for Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods: Moving Louisville Toward Action.* This document provided the framework for how the city would move forward with the goal to reduce violence.

A major contribution of the Phase I Blueprint was the layout of the governance structure for the OSHN. The governance structure includes ten work groups whose purpose was to develop goals that could be accomplished in twenty-four months. Figure 24 illustrates the governance structure for the OSHN.



¹⁹ See http://louisvilleky.gov/sites/default/files/safe neighborhoods/violence report.pdf

²⁰ Race Relations work group merged with the Center for Health Equity's Healing Possible Quorum in the Department of Public Health and Wellness and another work group was formed titled Faith-Based Engagement



Phase I: Moving Louisville to Action. The first phase of the OSHN was to build out the scope of work, the key areas of engagement that were identified in the VPWG report and identify key methods to strategically address violence and the development of goals and initiatives that would help create safe and healthy neighborhoods. Figure 25 illustrates the five areas of

concentration of the OSHN: Community Building, Education,

Employment/Economic Development, Health/Social Wellness and Juvenile/Criminal Justice. The five areas have an

interdependent relationship as they directly impact and

influence one another.

Juvenile/ Community Criminal **Building Phase I Work Groups.** The Phase I Blueprint's Health/Social **Education** Wellness **Employment** /Economic **Development** II of the OSHN. As the work moved forward, the Race Relations

Figure 25: Areas of Engagement

governance structure outlined ten work groups that were to be made up of subject matter experts from community and faith-based organizations and Louisville Metro staff. Each work group met at least once a month from November 2013 to April 2014. The passion, expertise and dedication of work group members led to the development of 13 goals and 42 initiatives that will be used to guide Phase

Work Group duties were assigned to the Louisville Metro Public Health and Wellness' Center for Health Equity's Healing Possible Quorum

(HPQ). HPQ focused on developing policies to reduce structural and institutional racism. Figure 26 illustrates the final work groups and their purposes.











Faith-Based Engagement 2) Juvenile & Criminal Justice 3) **Economic Development** 4) Program Development 5) Civic & Community (1) Engage the faith Engagement community and to Suicide Prevention 6) create a plan that will 7) Substance Abuse outline ways in which Prevention (2) Identify and deliver area churches and non-(10) Develop 8) Police Initiatives appropriate interventions profits can assist to strategies to promote Parental Engagement for individuals at the time reduce violence in the OSHN initiative Public Relations and of initial contact with the Louisville. and find ways to Marketing system, while providing partner with local services to address the media to assist in *non-hierarchal list issues of our citizens changing the returning home from narrative. being incarcerated. (3) Create 2-3 initiatives (9) Examine issues in areas of the surrounding parental community where there engagement and is acute need because of involvement as it issues of poverty and relates to the lack of resources and education and lives infrastructure, which of their children ages create particular birth through college. challenges. **OSHN** Neighborhoods **Work Groups** (4) Develop 3 or 4 (8) Work on building recommendations that stronger relationships work to increase between LMPD and graduation rates, community members increase employment, as well as identifying improve quality of out of school time and encouraging implementation of best programs or increase opportunities for those practices from across the country. re-entering the community. (7) Work on strategies (5) Promote ways for all citizens to participate in that provide comprehensive and civic and community engagement – especially youth and effective substance abuse prevention young adults from outcomes for the community and build underrepresented (6) Develop awareness of areas. strategies to prevention and decrease the treatment programs. suicide rate.

Figure 26: Phase I Work Group Descriptions & Titles



The Present

Phase II: One Love Louisville-Be the One to Make a Difference. The second and current phase of the OSHN is the implementation of the One Love Louisville-Be the One to Make a Difference campaign. This campaign is a call to action to all sectors, communities and neighborhoods in Louisville. The focus is on allowing every resident to realize that they have a stake in the well-being of our city. The OSHN along with its affiliates and partners strongly believe that city violence can only be reduced through a collective and organized effort, which is based on the principal of collective impact.



One Love Louisville is our strategy to unite neighbors to neighbors, provide opportunity for youth and create healthy objectives to help negate the violence that takes place in our city. This strategy focuses on mobilizing the community and various resources toward the groups that are highly impacted by violence related deaths that resulted from homicides, suicides or drug overdoses. These three categories of violence related deaths have been selected as the three targeted areas of violence based on the definition provided by the World Health Organization.²¹ Homicides, suicides and drug overdoses are emphasized because they are preventable and have long term and widespread impacts to individuals, families and communities as has been determined by research literature and local statistics.

Phase II Implementation Team. In Phase II, the OSHN continues to work directly with members from all sectors of the Louisville community. There will be one group, the implementation team, who will be responsible for overseeing the implementation of the 13 goals and 42 initiatives, along with the OSHN team. The team will monitor, track and assist with the development of strategies for the implementation of the 13 goals and 42 initiatives set forth in the *One Love Louisville* Action Plan. This team will meet monthly and are also tasked with holding the OSHN team accountable to the goals and initiatives.

²¹ Krug EG et al., (2002), eds. World report on violence and health. Geneva, World Health Organization.



The Future: Community Evaluation and Feedback

The next steps of the OSHN are based on outcomes, needs and demands delivered by the implementation team's findings, community evaluations and feedback. This constructive feedback will allow for opportunities to improve and move forward. Phase II goals and initiatives are not expected to be successful without a few challenges due to the intensity and scope of the work. The OSHN wishes to identify these areas of concern as quickly as possible and make the needed adjustments. To facilitate this process the OSHN will be hosting monthly implementation meetings over the course of the next 24 months. These monthly community meetings are open to the public. If you are interested in learning the dates, times and locations of these conversations please visit the OSHN website at www.louisvilleky.gov/SafeNeighborhoods and join our email list for reminders.

The purpose of the implementation meetings are to:

- Identify community concerns regarding neighborhood safety
- Receive community feedback, suggestions and concerns
- Provide updates regarding the One Love Louisville Action Plan and the work of the **OSHN**
- Learn about new assets in the community
- Monitor, record and track changes of residents' perceptions of safety
- Identify potential and actual safety problems in neighborhoods
- Increase community involvement
- Provide a safe space for feedback and evaluation
- Connect citizens from different parts of the city
- Increase opportunities for residents to provide input
- Provide resources to the community
- Allow the community to provide evaluations of the OSHN goals and initiatives

For further accountability measures, the OSHN will track the goals and initiatives on the Louisville Metro Dashboard at www.healthylouisvillemetro.org.



National Engagement

National League of Cities (NLC). In March 2013, Louisville's OSHN joined the NLC as a member of the Cities United collaborative. The NLC is an organization that is "dedicated to helping city leaders build better communities." The Cities United collaborative focuses on eliminating violence related deaths of African American men and boys. Mayor Greg Fischer, along with dozens of other mayors, joined together to target the high-risk neighborhoods in their cities and engage African American men and boys in finding solutions to end the violence in their neighborhoods. As a member of NLC and Cities United, the OSHN has the ability to identify methods to strategically address the violence in Louisville through the availability of research, consultants, connections to other city mayors as well as other city officials and sources of accountability.



National Forum on Youth Violence Prevention. On October 14, 2014, the Department of Justice announced Louisville as one of the fifteen cities in the National Forum on Youth Violence Prevention. As a youth violence prevention site, Louisville becomes a part of a network of communities and federal agencies who work together to develop comprehensive solutions towards youth violence prevention. Cities in the forum receive technical assistance, fund development, data and information to assist in reducing youth violence throughout their cities. The forum was launched in 2010 by President Obama for the purpose of bringing together people from diverse professions and perspectives under the umbrella of youth and gang violence.

The forum has three key principles:²³



- 1) Multidisciplinary partnerships are instrumental to success
- 2) Communities must balance and coordinate strategies
- 3) Efforts must be data and evidence driven

²² www.nlc.org

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About the National Forum www.findyouthinfo.gov/youth-topics/preventing-youth-violence





Phase II Action Plan



Action Plan: One Love Louisville

One Love Louisville

The One Love Louisville campaign is our strategic action plan within the Phase II Blueprint to create and support safe and healthy neighborhoods. The One Love Louisville campaign is designed to make sure all of Louisville citizens feel safe, secure and supported. The action plan includes 13 goals and 42 initiatives along with Be the One to Make a Difference Tip Sheets that will help individuals and groups see how they can Be the One to prevent violence in our community.

The Office for Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods (OSHN) will work alongside resident, faith and community based organizations and business to make sure that the One Love Louisville Action Plan is implemented, measured, evaluated and disseminated across Louisville. Each of the *One* Love Louisville goals and initiatives were developed as a result of months of hard work by residents, community, civic and business leaders from diverse professions, lifestyles, ages and areas of the city and therefore these goals and initiatives are not under the sole ownership of the OSHN. The goals and initiatives will be under the review based on the governance structure introduced on page 26. As new resources, data and information are presented, goals and initiatives will be added or edited as needed. Working towards a city of safe and healthy neighborhoods is ever-changing and thus we will continue to seek out new ways of engaging and mobilizing the community.

The goals and initiatives of the action plan are aligned and outlined in terms of the following:

- Performance Measures
- Area of Prevention (Homicide, Suicide and Drug Overdose)
- Area of Engagement (Community Building, Education, Employment and Economic Development, Health and Social Wellness and Juvenile and Criminal Justice)
- PIER Tactic (Prevention, Intervention, Enforcement, Re-Entry)
- Louisville Metro Government's Strategic Plan
- Violence Prevention Work Group Recommendations
- Relevance to *Phase I Blueprint for Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods:* Moving Louisville to Action
- Key Stakeholders
- Current and Needed Resources
- Desired Outcomes



Action Plan: One Love Louisville

		# of Metro Council Distriction represented on Metro Boar		AREA ENGAGEMI		Community Building
GOAL #1	PERFORMANCE MEASURES	and Commissions# of registered voters# of ex-felons who get vot	ting	PIER TAC		Prevention Homicide, Suicide & Overdose
See high levels of civic participation reflected evenly throughout Louisville Metro		rights restored # of community surveys gathered		KEY STAKEHOLD	ERS	Metro citizens and Businesses with focus on hot spots
	RELEVANCE TO BLUEPRINT v 1.0	Conduct annual quality of life risk	surveys	e; enhance quality of interv	ention	n with individuals and families at
INITIATIVES	LMG STRATEGIC PLAN IMPACT	15-Advance Inclusion and Div 21-Promote Volunteerism and				
	DESIRI	ED OUTCOMES	CURI	RESOURCES RENT NEEDED		
Administer community surveys to capture and measure the level of civic and community engagement in Louisville and a Feedback Mechanism for citizen input (user and non-user) to review, inform and plan community services. Through surveys, we will measure feelings of empowerment, social connectedness, service, political involvement and connection to information.	 Public and community based institutions with relevant, engaging programming and high levels of participation and satisfaction (starting with priority districts) To gauge levels of civic participation and engagement, and then (based on survey data/results) create and foster initiatives to increase and promote civic engagement evenly throughout the Louisville Metro and throughout the population High levels of civic participation and engagement reflected evenly throughout the metro area and throughout the population (i.e. across neighborhoods, ages, ethnicities, etc.) 		• A m see	agency by agency neasures of individuals erved existing civic surveys Opportunities to gather articipants	• () ss r a a compared to the second to the	Cohesive participation and satisfaction assessment and resources to administer for users and community Community participation and satisfaction measures incorporated into Louie Stat for relevant agencies Out-of School Time Coordinating Council integration Fargeted training for frontline staff up against satisfaction and participation measures Human and/or capital assistance

			# - £	.1	AREA OF ENGAGEM	ENT	Community Building	
	 GOAL #2 Map the leadership landscape in Louisville in order to identify community connectors, pinpoint gaps in # of connectors identified # of residents participating in community based leadership programs and trainings # of successful neighborhood groups 		ng in	PIER TAC	CTIC	Prevention		
			programs and trainings • # of successful neighbor	•	AREA OF PREVENT	ION	Homicide, Suicide & Overdose	
	services and create better marketing of existing leadership development opportunities				KEY STAKEHOLD	ERS	Metro area citizens, organizations and businesses with focus on hot spots	
		RELEVANCE TO BLUEPRINT v 1.0	Enhance access to quality ou community centers; increase				ramming at Louisville Metro	
	INITIATIVES	LMG STRATEGIC PLAN IMPACT	3-Reduce Crime 15-Advance Inclusion and D	iversity	21-Promote Volunteeris	m and	Giving	
	HALLIA LO	DESIRED	OUTCOMES	CUR	RESOUR		IRCES EDED	
	1 Connecting Leaders: identify leaders in hot spots and create a mechanism to disseminate information through these leaders.				Data Collection esults/community survey	•]	Human and/or capital assistance	
	2 Convening Leaders: provide technical assistance in establishing thriving neighborhood associations.	Creation of successful neighborhood groups		N A N	Best Practices for thriving Neighborhood Association- Center for Neighborhoods could compile this information	•]	Human and /or capital assistance	
	Commissioning Leaders: encourage identified connectors to become active in municipal government boards, commissions and other activities.	Increase participation among identified contains	on in municipal government ommunity leaders	a c ii N	ist of Louisville Boards and Commissions (list ould be added to afformation about Neighborhood Associations)	•]	Better descriptions of boards and commissions Evaluate/update selection process and criteria (Ban the Box, ensure equal representation) Human and/or capital assistance	

Action Plan: One Love Louisville

GOAL #3 Increase community engagement and awareness of Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods efforts throughout Louisville Metro	PERFORMANCE MEASURES	 Percentage of survey respondents who reported awareness of safe neighborhoods # of communications strategies implemented Social media statistics 	AREA OF ENGAGEMENT PIER TACTIC AREA OF PREVENTION KEY STAKEHOLDERS	Community Building Prevention, Intervention, Enforcement Re-Entry Homicide, Suicide & Overdose All Louisville Metro Citizens, Organizations and Businesses		
	RELEVANCE TO BLUEPRINT v 1.0	Deliver excellent city services, sign of risk, increase opportuni 3-Reduce Crime		on with individuals and families at first		
INITIATIVES	STRATEGIC PLAN IMPACT	13-Help Our City Get Healthy 15-Advance Inclusion and Dive	21-Promote Volunteersity	eerism and Giving		
	DESIRED OUTCOMES		CURRENT	ESOURCES NEEDED		
Develop and disseminate tip sheets that illustrate ways for multiple sections of the community to become engaged in the OSHN's One Love Louisville campaign to reduce violent deaths.	 Increased awareness of drug use symptoms and decrease in overdoses Increased awareness of suicide prevention strategies Increased awareness of suicide warning signs and decrease in suicides Increase in city-wide violence reduction efforts 		 Metro Website Mayor's Faith Forum Press Releases Metro TV Media Outlets 	Human and/or capital assistance		
Develop and implement a communications plan for the OSHN.	 Increase awareness of the OSHN purpose and programming Increased awareness of OSHN goals and initiatives 		 Mayor's Communication Team PR Workgroup Metro TV Media Outlets 	Human and/or capital assistance		
Continue to seek out innovative strategies to engage and mobilize various areas of the city.		ess of OSHN efforts in the city ement of all sectors ide involvement	Engaged metro employees, citizens and agencies	 Community Feedback Human and/or capital assistance 		

	GOAL #4 Create a faith-based violence reduction system in Louisville Metro	MF	RFORMANCE EASURES	 # of Houses of Faith signed up with database # of site views # of faith leaders trained # of times faith leaders team deployed to hot spots 			AGEN R TA ARE VEN	EA OF TION	Community Building Prevention, Intervention and Re- Entry Homicide, Suicide & Overdose Entire Faith Community	
		1.0 LM		individuals and f	ami	ilies at the first	sign of risk, inc			e the quality of intervention with nities for returning citizen
	INITIATIVES		AN IMPACT DESIRED OU	4-Make More Se		ces Available C			OURCE EDED	S
1	Create a comprehensive database of entities within the faith communities. In addition to general information, data will include current resources, programs and/or efforts that can be utilized or replicated in the areas of violence reduction.	•	An exhaustive re the faith commu- utilized when the collaborate in a g	nity to be ere is a need to	•	Data on indiving the faith background the faith background to the community a	nd some os that attempt ose in the		graduate manage consiste	me data manager, preferably a e or highly skilled undergraduate to and update the database on a nt basis and/or capital assistance
2	Create a training and development program for senior and youth leaders in the faith community to identify and understand violence in their congregations and in the community and to address these issues. Finally, a portion of the training and development would train faith leaders to provide direct assistance to communities by frequenting area "hot spots."	•	Faith leaders wil identify risk fact violence and to i protective factors violence	ors related to mplement	•	There is no k model for thi of training ar development The Southerr Theological S Engaged faith community	s specific type ad a Baptist Seminary	•	Training Qualifie	or training g/development curriculum d trainers and/or capital assistance
3	Create a "hot spots" team of trained faith leaders who will lead programs and generally remain visible in identified and designated hot spots within Louisville.	•	Faith leaders wil active and visible violence areas		•	Faith leaders data on "hot		•	Identifie	d trainers specific to "hot spots" ed programs to be implemented and/or capital assistance

		# of out of school time pro that utilize Equity Scoreca		AREA OF ENGAGEMENT	Education				
		enhance and develop		PIER TACTIO	Prevention				
GOAL #5 Assess current community programs to identify	PERFORMANCE MEASURES	 # of times "parenting experience" events/meetings occur attendance at "parenting experience" events/meetings # of programs offered TO Increase graduation rates, deliver excellents		# of times "parenting experience events/meetings occur				AREA OF PREVENTION	Homicida & Silicida
effective strategies and gaps in services to increase effective programs				KEY STAKEHOLDERS	School aged children, young adults, parents, JCPS, University System, Community at large				
	RELEVANCE TO BLUEPRINT v 1.0			ent city services					
INITIATIVES	LMG STRATEGIC PLAN IMPACT	8-Increase College Graduation	Rates						
	DECIDI	ED OUTCOMES		RESOU	URCES				
	DESIKI	ED OUTCOMES	CURRI	ENT	NEEDED				
1 Coordinate a city-wide strategy to identify all K-12 community programs with emphasis on current programs with low visibility.	Identify K-12 corIdentify gaps in s	mmunity programs services	• Con	PS t of School Time Council mmunity Resource ectory	 Human and/or capital assistance Asset map(s) Program assessment 				
2 Form a committee to look at and to create a "Parenting Experience."	Bring families clo	amilies closer together		uisville Urban League's rent Academy, A JW Parent Café iked-In	 Human and/or capital assistance Evaluation of programs 				
3 Use the data and information within the JCPS Equity Scorecard to review and enhance Out of School Time and community based programs and look for methods to align programs with the JCPS strategic plan.	School Time and	programs ionship between JCPS, Out of community based programs outcomes for families utilizing	 JCPS Restorative Justice Louisville 		Human and/or capital assistance				

	GOAL #6 rovide resources and tools for parents and guardians to elp their children succeed academically, socially and emotionally	PERFORMANCE MEASURES RELEVANCE TO BLUEPRINT v 1.0	 # of toolkits disperse # of participants of B Mama Big Papa Netw # of parents/guardian attend community for the participant of the participant of	oig work as who rums ms	AREA OF ENGAGEMENT PIER TACTIC AREA OF PREVENTION KEY STAKEHOLDERS graduation rates	Education Prevention, Intervention Homicide, Suicide & Overdose Parents/Guardians, Children, Educators, Law Enforcement, Community Members
	INITIATIVES	LMG STRATEGIC PLAN IMPACT	4-Make More Service Av 8-Increase College Gradu 9-Improve Wages			
		DESIRED	OUTCOMES	CURR		NEEDED
1	Create a parental engagement toolkit that includes: calendar of community and JCPS events, behavior tip sheets, educational links and community resources.	 Engage parents and guardians in tracking the progress and development of their children, physically, emotionally and educationally Families have guidance, resources and support 			ccess to community resources:	 Technological expertise PSAs to get the word out. Human and/or capital assistance
2	Develop a Big Mama and Big Papa Network, a mentorship program to link new/current parents and guardians with 'seasoned' parents and guardians.	 Develop strong and consistent network of parents and guardians Families have guidance, resources and support 		LoPaYIPa	articipants and graduates of courselle Urban League's arent Academy MCA Black Achievers Parents ast PTA Officers UW Parent Café Leaders	 Vehicle for disseminating the information to parents and caregivers Human and/or capital assistance
3	Develop a series of community forums at places where parents and guardians go to provide them with tools and resources necessary to understand their need to be influential advocates and stakeholders for their children's academic and personal success.	resources and tools address parenting i questions	es have guidance, resources and		chool supply giveaways hool open houses od banks ommunity centers	 Access to community sites where parents and kids go Human and/or capital assistance

GOAL #7 Build an infrastructure to promote and support new business development, business growth and business connections	RELEVANCE TO		AREA OF PREVENTION	Prevention, Intervention, Re- Entry Homicide, Suicide & Overdose Community, Business Leaders
INITIATIVES	BLUEPRINT v 1.0 LMG STRATEGIC PLAN IMPACT	neighborhoods 3-Reduce Crime 7-Create More Jobs		
	DESIRED O	UTCOMES	CURRENT	DURCES NEEDED
Support the creation of the West Louisville Chamber of Commerce.	strong dues-paying me purpose to promote iss	Organization with a professional and paid staff, strong dues-paying members and a clear purpose to promote issues of economic interest to the West Louisville business community		 Startup support; support in promoting and providing resources for events to attract members Human and/or capital assistance
Help create and promote physical gathering places for business networking and information sharing.	Development of busin informal gatherings	ess spaces for formal and	NIA centerLouisville ForwardKentuckianaWorks	 Loans for property improvement to entities interested in creating such spaces (whether private or public) Human and/or capital assistance

GOAL #8 Develop strategies to connect job seekers to entry level opportunities and entry level opportunities to job seekers	PERFORMANCE MEASURES RELEVANCE TO BLUEPRINT v 1.0	neighborhoods		Employment and Economic Development Prevention, Intervention, Re-Entry Homicide, Suicide, Overdose Community, Business Leaders, Job Seekers, Families ost economically challenged
	LMG STRATEGIC PLAN IMPACT	3-Reduce Crime 7-Create More Jobs		
INITIATIVES	DESIRED O		RESOUR	
	DESIRED 0	CTCOMES	CURRENT	NEEDED
1 Promote environmental and property rehabilitation as entry-level jobs that could provide opportunities for advancement into skilled trades.	Development of jobs the employment with a rel for initial investment	hat can lead to self- atively low requirement	 Non-profits (Habitat for Humanity, Fuller Center for Housing) Redevelopment efforts (the Portland Investment Initiative, Market Street Corridor Plan, Shine on Shawnee, West of 9th Plan, Parkland Corridor Improvement Project, and others) Career One Stops 	 Community involvement Human and/or capital assistance
2 Plan and develop a civil service institute that would provide skills and knowledge applicable to the following civil service professions: police officers, fire fighters, emergency medical technicians (EMT), paramedics and corrections officers.	 Increase exposure to c Increase chances of jol 	ivil service professions b placement	 Access to current civil service professionals Current open positions 	 Community involvement Human and/or capital assistance Review transportation availability

		# of Suicide Hotline ca	.11.	AREA OF ENGAGEM	ENT Health and Social Wellness	
		 # of Suicide Hotline ca answered and 	uns	PIER TAC	TIC Prevention & Intervention	
GOAL #9	PERFORMANCE	 unanswered # of Metro Employees trained in QPR # of JCPS employees and volunteers trained in suicide prevention strategies 		AREA OF PREVENT	ION Suicide	
Adopt, support and promote a Louisville Metro wide strategy for suicide prevention	MEASURES			KEY STAKEHOLD	Community at large, friends and family of victims, at-risk person, crisis and suicide prevention organizations, school system, health department	
	RELEVANCE TO BLUEPRINT v 1.0	Enhance quality of interver	ntion w	vith individuals and families	s at first sign of risk	
INITIATIVES	LMG STRATEGIC PLAN IMPACT	I I A Halp (litt / itizane (tat Ha		*		
MIIAIIVES	DESIRED OUTCOMES		CUR	RENT RE	ESOURCES NEEDED	
Identify and secure resources to the Seven Counties Suicide Hotline.		meet all calls effectively propriately meeting its and suicide attempts		Current suicide hotline employees	 Increase in staff members to answer calls Human and/or capital assistance 	
Review JCPS suicide prevention strategy and identify ways to improve its dissemination among all JCPS employees and volunteers.	 Greater awareness of suicide prevention resources Decrease in suicides and suicide attempts amount students 		• 1	JCPS Suicide Prevention efforts Mental health counselors Youth services and family resources centers Cardinal Success Program	Human and/or capital assistance	
3. Implement the training program QPR (Question, Persuade and Refer) within Louisville Metro Government.	Ensure that members Government are up to practices regarding s prevention	o date with national	QPR is based on a national program and there are close to 80 trained instructors here Louisville		Human and/or capital assistance	

		# of Suicide Prevention	AREA OF ENGAGEMEN	NT Health and Social Wellness
		Week/Month event participants	PIER TACT	IC Prevention, Intervention
GOAL #9 (Continued) Adopt, support and promote a Louisville Metro	PERFORMANCE MEASURES	# of faith based leaders and members trained in QPR	AREA OF PREVENTION	ON Suicide
wide strategy for suicide prevention		# of community suicide prevention events	KEY STAKEHOLDEI	Community at large, Friends and Family of victims, at-risk persons
	RELEVANCE TO BLUEPRINT v 1.0	Enhance quality of intervent	ion with individuals and families at	first sign of risk
INITIATIVES	LMG STRATEGIC PLAN IMPACT	13-Help Our Citizens Get Ho	ealthy	
INTERITY ES	DESIREI	OUTCOMES	RESO CURRENT	OURCES NEEDED
Create an awareness campaign centered on Suicide Prevention. Increase promotion of Suicide Prevention Week.	about suicide prev	across Louisville Metro ention resources; reduced ental health, depression and	Center for Disease Control has many materials available for use American Foundation for Suicide Prevention	Need for resources and partners to help distribute those materials
5. Partner with faith based organizations to provide training for faith leaders in recognition and counseling towards persons with mental health issues and/or is at risk for suicide.	All religious organ trained in QPR	nizations have members	 Many houses of faith within the community Some houses of faith desire the training 	 Human and/or capital assistance Assessment of need
6. Assist local companies in creating protocols that assist employees with issues of mental health and suicide.	QPR guidelinesAll employees at r	re members trained under risk of attempting or e are properly treated	 American Foundation for Suicide Prevention Human resources departments Employee Assistance Programs 	 Human and/or capital assistance Assessment of current policies Relationships with business owners

			 Amount of available naloxone # of times naloxone used in 		AREA OF ENGAGEM		Health and Social Wellness Prevention, Intervention, Re-Entry		
GOAL #10 Decrease the number of overdoses throughout Louisville Metro by 10%, by December 2016		PERFORMANCE MEASURES Jefferson County Percentage of individuals re-arrested for substance use crimes # of individuals and families utilizing treatme and recovery		KEY STAKEHOLI			Families, First Responders(Fire/EMS/Police), Treatment Facilities, Emergency Rooms, Health Department, Recovering Individuals, Rearrested offenders		
		RELEVANCE TO BLUEPRINT v 1.0	Enhance quality of interventio services	n with	with individuals and families at first sign of risk, deliver excellent c				
	INITIATIVES	LMG STRATEGIC PLAN IMPACT	3-Reduce Crime						
		DESIRE	D OUTCOMES	CUI	RRENT		OURCES NEEDED		
1.	Research the effectiveness and availability of naloxone (brand name Naracan) and share findings with first responders and other drug prevention and intervention professionals.	 Increase in awareness of the availability and effectiveness of naloxone Increase availability of naloxone 		•	Current drug prevention efforts in Kentucky	• I	Law changes that make it legal for all EMS personnel to administer naloxone Fime, funding, personnel, agency buy-in and ability to measure ncrease Assessment of current knowledge and awareness among prevention and intervention professionals		
2.	Compile and disseminate harm reduction strategies, treatment and recovery supports and referral practices to community at large.	clients and familie support Decrease in indivi	milies in treatment and recovery ndividuals re-arrested for		acrease the participation and retention of ients and families in treatment and recovery apport ecrease in individuals re-arrested for abstance use crimes		Good network of treatment facilities Detox available in Metro Corrections to start (Enough is Enough program) AA and 12 Step Programs	• 7	Fime, funding, personnel, clients and families and agency buy-in Ability to measure increase Assessment of current needs and situations

			AREA OF ENGAGE	MENT Health and Social Wellness
		W 6 11 11 1	PIER TA	
GOAL #11	PERFORMANCE	 # of pediatricians using standard abuse screenin # of youth reporting decrease and/or no drug 	AREA OF PREVEN	NTION Overdose & Suicide
Decrease the number of youth report using illesubstances throughout Louisville Metro by 29 December 2016	measures MEASURES	# of prevention and intervention programs implemented and adopted.	KEV STAKEHOI	Kentucky Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics Public, Private and Parochial and Independent Schools and Youth serving and Family service agencies and faith community
	RELEVANCE TO BLUEPRINT v 1.0	Enhance quality of intervent services	ion with individuals and famili	es at first sign of risk, deliver excellent city
	LMG STRATEGIC PLAN IMPACT	3-Reduce Crime		
INITIATIVES		DESIDED OUTCOMES		RESOURCES
1 Increase by 20% the number of pediatrician using standard substance abuse screening questions during routine visits with youth.		he number of pediatricians buse screening questions youth	• Collaborating Partners	Pediatrician outreach Recruitment base Easy access to referral sources for substance-involved children and youth Human and/or capital assistance
2 Convene public, parochial and private school systems in Louisville Metro to collaborative develop and adopt comprehensive, standard drug and alcohol policies and procedures; as upon adoption, achieve and maintain a 70% implementation rate by the schools within the systems.	peer disapproval a Youth report a decuse	ease in parental disapproval, and perceived risk of harm crease in 30 day substance	Collaborating PartnersPAL Coalition	 Comprehensive, standardized drug and alcohol policies Procedures adopted and maintained by 70% of schools within the 3 systems Consistent surveying of drugs and alcohol use among youth Human and/or capital assistance
3 Convene public, parochial and private school and other youth and family service agencies/organizations, prevention agencies faith-based communities to adopt and imple substance abuse prevention and intervention strategies and practices for youth and familia	prevention and in schools, churches organizations	nent substance abuse ntervention programs in and youth serving	Collaborating Partners	Adoption and implementation of substance abuse prevention/intervention programs and practices for youth and families across the Louisville area Human and/or capital assistance

GOAL #12 Assist in creating a climate in which residents, LMPD and LMPD officers have a more favorable relationship that includes increased trust and positive perceptions of one another through the promotion of legitimate, transparent and just exercising of LMPD officer (discretionary) power during citizen-officer encounters	PERFORMANCE MEASURES	 # of participants (police and citizens) at community and police sponsored events Percentage of citizens reporting positive perceptions of LMPD and LMPD officers # of social opportunities for intergenerational conversations and activities # of reported officer-citizen personal interactions Enhance quality of intervention with indiopportunities for returning citizens		AREA O ENGAGEMEN PIER TACTIO AREA O PREVENTIO	Prevention, Intervention, Re- Entry, Enforcement Homicide Y Area Community Groups
	RELEVANCE TO BLUEPRINT v 1.0			ividuals and families	at first sign of risk, increase
INITIATIVES	LMG STRATEGIC PLAN IMPACT	3-Reduce Crime			
MIIIAIIVES	DESIRED O	OUTCOMES	CURRENT	RESOU	URCES NEEDED
Increase the marketing and promotion of community meetings and attendance at both community and police-sponsored events through the development of street teams in hot spots and high impact areas that include young leaders (35 years and under). Members will disseminate information about community events (police sponsored and otherwise) and collect names at events.	Increased community attendance in both community and police-sponsored events (particularly in targeted neighborhoods) Increase in community perceptions of LMPD and LMPD officers				Recruitment of street team members Human and/or capital assistance Street team training and recruitment Information to be shared Uniform sign-in sheet
2 Develop social opportunities for community-based intergenerational conversations between older and younger members of high impact areas of the city.	Increased inter-generational interactions to promote dialogue and information sharing		 TRIAD and other senior organizations and many youth-oriented organization Metro Community Centers 		 Uniform sign-in sheet Human and/or capital assistance Building space, activities Asset map
3 Increase, encourage and promote LMPD officer personal interactions with residents, attendance at community events and community-policing.	citizens, attendanc events, community Increase in commu LMPD and LMPD	y-policing strategies unity perceptions of			 Human and/or capital assistance Communicate outcomes with public

GOAL #12 (Continued) Assist in creating a climate in which residents, LMPD and LMPD officers have a more favorable relationship that includes increased trust and positive perceptions of one another through the promotion of legitimate, transparent and just exercising of LMPD officer (discretionary) power during citizen-officer encounters	PERFORMANCE MEASURES RELEVANCE TO BLUEPRINT v 1.0	# of LMPD in-servirainings Percentage of citizate reporting positive perceptions of LM LMPD officers Enhance quality of interpretations for returning positive perceptions of LM LMPD officers	zens IPD and ervention w	STAKEHOLDE vith individuals and famil	NT CIC OF ON EY RS	Juvenile and Criminal Justice Prevention, Re-Entry Homicide Area Community Groups first sign of risk, increase
INITIATIVES	LMG STRATEGIC PLAN IMPACT 3-Reduce Crime DESIRED OUTCOMES		CURRE	RES	NEI	EDED
4 Review LMPD training protocol-provided at both the Police Academy and through in-service courses-and, where appropriate, develop and implement new training protocols for all LMPD members to ensure that all LMPD members develop a more in-depth understanding of and ability to apply and respond positively to the following: a. Cross-cultural perspectives and issues that may exist in the communities to which they are assigned, or that may impact the citizens that the officers may reasonably encounter. b. The role implicit bias may play in their daily interaction with citizens. c. Interpersonal skills and procedural justice skills (including the value of active listening skills) that more closely aligns with LMPD's stated mission and values.	More equitable and citizen interactions Increased officer un groups beyond their economic groupings Increase in commur LMPD and LMPD of	nderstanding of interest reacial or socio- s nity perceptions of	and of train Legi Justi Polio train	timacy and Procedural ce ce Academy bias	•	Human and/or capital assistance More opportunities for citizens to be aware of the trainings and skills Communicate outcomes with public
5 Regularly clarify the legal standard for Terry Stops (pedestrian stops) and subsequent searches (frisks) for both LMPD and the public and ensure that such encounters are handled respectfully. Provide regular training to officers via roll-call training and through training bulletins.	More equitable and citizen interactions	transparent LMPD-		ce Academy Training PD in-service trainings	•	Human and/or capital assistance More opportunities for citizens to become aware Communicate outcomes with public

GOAL #12 (Continued)	Percentage of citi reporting positive perceptions of LM LMPD officers PERFORMANCE PERFORMANCE Output Description: Output Description: Descriptio		ve LMPD and	AREA (ENGAGEME) PIER TACT	Juvenile and Criminal	
Assist in creating a climate in which residents, LMPD and LMPD officers have a more favorable relationship that includes increased trust and positive perceptions of one	PERFORMANCE MEASURES	Percentage of c reporting know	itizens ledge of	AREA (PREVENTIO	OF Homicide	
another through the promotion of legitimate, transparent and just exercising of LMPD officer (discretionary) power during citizen-officer encounters		# of BRIDGES participants	 LMPD complaint process # of BRIDGES and HOOPS participants STAKEHOLDE 			Froups
cutzen-officer encounters	RELEVANCE TO BLUEPRINT v 1.0	Enhance quality of opportunities for re-		th individuals and fa	milies at first sign of risk, inc	crease
INITIATIVES	LMG STRATEGIC PLAN IMPACT	3-Reduce Crime				
INITIATIVES	DESIRED OU	TCOMES	CURRENT	RES	OURCES	
					NEEDED	_
6 Review both the data collection process and ensuing statistical analysis that is provided by the strategic developers to determine what role, if any, implicit bias plays in developing policing strategies i.e. VIPER Unit, Terry Stops and Traffic Stops.	More equitable and LMPD-citizen interest.		Engaged police departmentLMPD Data Center		 Human and/or capital a: Communicate outcomes public 	
7 Promote and increase transparency and information sharing of the citizens' police complaint process to assist LMPD officers in better understanding and interacting with members of the community.	 More transparency sharing of existing Positive perception investigative processing 	data and activities Police Accountable Soft complaint and LMPD Merit Board		ecountability, lerit Board,	 Human and/or capital a Communicate outcomes public 	
8 Create small work group comprised of officers, JCPS teachers and area schools of education to help develop the guidelines and basic curriculum for a program centered on building relationships through idea/diplomacy/guidance (BRIDGES). BRIDGES could be an educational setting-program between LMPD and JCPS to allow officers time to discuss issues with area freshman.	Better understanding & positive interaction between police/JCPS youth (trust) Increased conflict resolution skills of officers and youth participants Less youth engaged in corrections system Allow for multiple interactions between LMPD officers and local youth		Schools a settingsManpowe	nd educational	 JCPS support /guideline talking points; training police interaction group Human and/or capital a: Communicate outcomes public 	for ssistance
9 Create a small work group of youth, dirt bowl representative(s), community based organization representative (s) and educators to develop the guidelines for a program focused on helping others through open police sessions (HOOPS).	Better understandi interaction betwee youth (trust)		Dirt Bow Manpowe		 Area leaders support/frecoupons Human and/or capital accommunicate outcomes public 	ssistance

GOAL #13 Identify opportunities for three partnerships to implement evidence based practices to improve identified outcomes for at risk youth and returning citizens by December 2016	PERFORMANCE MEASURES	Percentage of individuals returning to incarceration # of individuals utilizing the stop re-entry centers Percentage of individuals the one stop re-entry who and sustained employment Percentage of youth not suspended from school Percentage of schools with implemented restorative jupractices	ne one utilizing found	AREA OF ENGAGEMENT PIER TACTIC AREA OF PREVENTION KEY STAKEHOLDERS	Juvenile and Criminal Justice Prevention, Intervention, Re-Entry Homicide JCPS Superintendent, JCPS, LMPD, State and Local Government, Attorney's Office, Correctional Facilities, Faith Based Leaders, Kentuckiana Works, Returning Citizens, Community at large
INITIATIVES	RELEVANCE TO BLUEPRINT v 1.0 LMG STRATEGIC PLAN IMPACT DESIRI	Enhance quality of intervention for returning citizens 3-Reduce Crime ED OUTCOMES	curri	RF	first sign of risk, increase opportunities SOURCES NEEDED
Implement one to two pilots for 'one stop' reentry service centers for returning citizens.	 Reduction in the percentage of individuals returning to incarceration Increased percentage of individuals finding and sustaining employment Increased percentage of individuals reaching educational goals 		KY Cor and	tro Reentry Taskforce Department of rrections, Probation Parole entry Directory	Human and/or capital assistance
Implement restorative practices in the local schools to target youth at high risk for involvement in the juvenile justices system.	 Reduction in the percentage of youth entering the juvenile justice system Increased percentage of youth successfully progressing to next grade Increased percentage of youth completing high school Reduction in percentage/number of days suspended from school 		pra imp par sys	storative justice ctices have been blemented in tnership with the court tem nool system is familiar h restorative practices	Human and/or capital assistance



Conclusion

The Phase II Blueprint for the OSHN is a timeless document, subject to adjustment and enhancement based on community needs, local data and capabilities. The 13 goals and 42 initiatives outlined in this document are not solely owned by the Mayor's Office but are owned in partnership with community partners, businesses and/or faith based organizations. The *One* Love Louisville Action Plan is a two year plan that will be under constant review by staff in the OSHN as well as the implementation team of local residents from various areas of the city. This document has narrated the past, present and future happenings of the OSHN and outlines the guiding frameworks and methodology, goals and initiatives. In order to create a city of safe neighborhoods where all citizens feel safe, secure and fully prepared for lifelong success, the OSHN is dedicated to this vision and will continue to work diligently to address homicides, suicides and overdoses in our community.

One Love Louisville asks for all citizens to Be the One to Make a Difference because we know that there is a lot of love in Louisville! The upcoming pages conclude the Phase II Blueprint by providing three Be the One to Make a Difference Tip Sheets. The purpose of the tip sheets is to provide methods and strategies for individuals and groups so that all Louisville citizens and businesses are aware of possible ways to be the one to prevent a homicide, a suicide or a drug overdose. These tip sheets are just the starting point; there are multiple means for citizens and businesses to become engaged and mobilized around the vision of safe and healthy neighborhoods. The tip sheets are to help begin the journey and thus we highly encourage everyone to seek out different and new ways to Be the One to Make a Difference!



Be the ONE to make a DIFFERENCE



Prevent a Homicide

Below are a few tips to assist Louisville residents to begin their journey towards creating a city where all citizens feel secure, supported and prepared for lifelong success:²⁴

E MANUEL I	
Business	 Create a companywide community volunteer or mentorship policy Donate funding to local prevention efforts Implement restorative justice practices (i.e. support the Ban the Box campaign) Partner with local community based agencies, schools or houses of faith to develop programs and initiatives in your area
Concerned Citizens	 Participate in community programs and activities (i.e. Police Division programs, community agency activities, etc.) Share resources with your friends, family members and peers Become a mentor and/or join the Crisis Response Team
Community Advocates & Leaders	 Share community resources, create assets map of your community and share with public and your community Support and/or partner with local Police Division activities, local government or community initiatives Become a mentor and/or join the Crisis Response Team
Educators	 Implement restorative justice practices Develop holistic teaching strategies Share resources, experiences and expertise with peers, students and local community Become a mentor and/or join the Crisis Response Team
Faith Leaders	 Share resources with congregation and public Partner with nearby churches and community agencies to host community events and forums Become a mentor and/or join the Crisis Response Team
Mental Health Professionals	 Share resources, knowledge and experiences Partner with faith leaders, community leaders and local government efforts Become a mentor and/or join the Crisis Response Team
Offenders	 Learn about the resources available to you Utilize local faith leaders and community leaders for their expertise and experience, Find a mentor Participate in community activities at your local Police Division or nearby community agencies
Parents	 Learn about the resources available to you and your children Be active in your child's academic and social experiences Participate in community events, community agencies and places of faith
Social Service Agencies & Workers	 Attend trainings: new ways of engagement and/or cross cultural knowledge Share resources, expertise and time with public Partner with nearby agencies, businesses, houses of faith and/or schools
Students	 Share your experiences with peers Find a mentor or become a mentor Participate in local community programs and activities
Survivors of Violence	 Share your experiences Become a mentor and/or join the Crisis Response Team Participate in Police Division, community agencies and other community programs and activities
Youth & Young Adults	 Find a mentor or become a mentor Share your experiences with your parents/guardians Attend school, community agencies and places of faith

²⁴ For more information on violence prevention see: http://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/overview/index.html

Be the ONE to make a DIFFERENCE



Prevent a Suicide

Below are a few tips to assist Louisville residents to begin their journey towards creating a city where all citizens feel secure, supported and prepared for lifelong success: ²⁵

N THE BE TRANSA BUTTERSEE	
Business Community	 Train managers and supervisors to identify suicide warning signs and the steps to take during crisis Post suicide hotline number in break rooms, employee bathrooms or other employee gathering areas Implement or promote Employee Assistance Program
Concerned Citizens	 Learn the warning signs and risk factors for suicide and locate nearby resources and share with peers Act quickly if you believe someone is suicidal, do not hesitate; offer support and Call 911 Get involved in state, city and community efforts
Community Advocates & Leaders	 Educate your community on suicide and mental illness Learn the warning signs and risk factors for suicide and locate nearby resources Get involved in state, city and community efforts Spread the message that suicide is preventable!
Educators	 Learn the warning signs and risk factors for suicide and locate nearby resources and share with peers Complete Suicide Prevention (QPR) Training (www.qprinstitute.com) Create smooth and consistent pipelines to help students at risk Act quickly if you believe someone is suicidal, do not hesitate; offer support and Call 911
Faith Leaders	 Spread the message that suicide is preventable! Learn the warning signs and risk factors for suicide and locate nearby resources and share with peers Identify who to contact in an emergency
Mental Health Professionals	 Make changes within your professions Participate in community outreach and prevention programs Help teach the public warning signs and risk factors of suicide
Parents	 Learn the warning signs and risk factors for suicide and locate nearby resources Understand that suicide is preventable Attend a parent suicide prevention training and learn how to have tough conversations
Social Service Agencies & Workers	 Know the risk factors and warning signs Identify your agency's policy on helping clients who may be at risk for suicide Know that suicide is preventable
Students	 If you are in a crisis, get help immediately. Call National Suicide Lifeline (1-800-273-TALK) Identify resources at your school; (i.e. guidance counselor, family resource or youth service center counseling center, health center, etc.) Learn the warning signs and risk factors for suicide and locate nearby resources and share with peers
Suicide Attempt Survivors	 If you find yourself re-considering suicide, get help immediately. Call 1-800-273-TALK Develop a strong support network; join a support group Share your story of survival when you are ready
Family/Friend of Suicide Victim	 Share your story of survival when ready Find a support group, become an advocate, mentor or volunteer Know that you are not alone
Veterans	 Visit your local Veterans Affairs office and utilize the services and programs Share your story of survival when ready Become an advocate, mentor or volunteer
Youth & Young Adults	 Know that suicide is preventable Identify the individuals in your life who you can go to if you are considering suicide Learn the warning signs and risk factors for suicide and locate nearby resources and share with peers

²⁵ For warning signs and more information see: http://www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org/Learn/WarningSigns or http://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/suicide/index.html





Prevent a Drug Overdose

Below are a few tips to assist Louisville residents to begin their journey towards creating a city where all citizens feel secure, supported and prepared for lifelong success: ²⁶

Business Community	Implement or promote your Employee Assistance Program	
	 Donate to drug and alcohol prevention efforts and drug rehabilitation facilities 	
	Share common signs of drug use and overdose with all employees	
	• Provide crisis line number (National helpline: 1-800-662-HELP) and other community resources to employees	
	Share resources, knowledge and prevention tips with your community	
Concerned Citizens	Learn the signs and symptoms of drug use, drug overdose and drug addiction	
	Join and support local prevention coalitions in your area	
	Participate in and promote local prescription drug take back events	
	Share resources, knowledge and prevention tips with your community	
Community	Join and support local prevention coalitions in your area	
Advocates & Leaders	Participate in and promote local prescription drug take back events	
Travocates & Beaders	• Follow the overdose prevention action steps: 1) Check to see if they can respond; 2) Call 911; 3)Rescue Breathing; 4)	
	Give Naloxone (If applicable); 5) Encourage the person to go to the hospital	
	• Seek help for addiction; identify resources in your area; Call National helpline: 1-800-662-HELP/Narcotics	
	Anonymous: 1-800-974-0062	
Drug Users ²⁷	Take medication as directed; pay special attention when mixing medications and drinking alcohol	
(Prescription)	Keep medication in secure and safe location away from children and store items appropriately	
(= = =================================	Do not take unlabeled or expired medications without checking with physician/pharmacist	
	Dispose of unused and expired medication properly Only 0.11 and the control of the control	
	Call 911 or your physician immediately in case of suspected overdose	
	• Seek help; identify resources in your area; Call National helpline: 1-800-662-HELP/Narcotics Anonymous: 1-800-	
Drug Users (Illicit)	974-0062	
	Attend a Twelve Step Meeting in your area How an avoid as also with a supervised and don't also a sadder with others also with a specific start of the sadder with a spe	
	 Have an overdose plan with people you use with and don't share needles with others; don't mix alcohol, benzos/pills, heroin or methadone—any combination of these drugs can slow breathing and heart rate until both stop working 	
	Learn the signs and symptoms of drug use, drug overdose and drug addiction	
Educators	Identify resources in your institution and community	
Educators	 Share resources, knowledge and prevention tips with students and peers 	
	 Follow the overdose prevention action steps: 1) Check to see if they can respond; 2) Call 911; 3)Rescue Breathing; 4) 	
	Give Naloxone (If applicable); 5) Encourage the person to go to the hospital	
Faith Leaders	Share resources, knowledge and prevention tips with your community	
	Join and support local prevention coalitions in your area	
E 11/E: 1.6	Share your experience; join a support group	
Family/Friend of	Learn the signs and symptoms of drug use, drug overdose and drug addiction	
Overdose Victim		
Mental Health	Share resources, knowledge, prevention tips, signs and symptoms of drug use, drug overdose and drug addiction	
Professionals & Social	• Follow the overdose prevention action steps: 1) Check to see if they can respond; 2) Call 911; 3)Rescue Breathing; 4)	
Service Agencies	Give Naloxone (If applicable); 5) Encourage the person to go to the hospital	
	Learn the signs of drug use and drug overdose and identify the resources in your area	
Parents	Talk with children frequently about the illegal use of drugs including prescription drugs and potentially harmful effects	
	Keep prescription drugs out of reach of children and dispense as directed	
	Seek help if you have not done so; Call National helpline: 1-800-662-HELP/Narcotics Anonymous: 1-800-974-0062	
Overdose Survivors	Learn the signs of drug use and drug overdose and identify the resources in your area	
O TOTALOGE DUI TITUIS	Share your story of survival; join a support group; volunteer with nearby rehabilitation facility	
Vouth & Vouna		
Youth & Young	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Adults	Find a responsible and caring adult to talk to about drug use	

 $^{^{26}}$ For more information on overdose prevention and drug use see: http://www.samhsa.gov

For list of prescription drug drop boxes see: http://rxdrugdropbox.org/



Acknowledgements

Creating a city where all Louisville citizens feel secure, supported and prepared for lifelong success cannot be done without dedicated citizens and strong partnerships. The OSHN would like to thank each and every individual, group, agency, business and organization that has supported the goal to reduce the number of violent deaths and exposure to violence. Every role is important and no contribution has gone unnoticed.

Special appreciation goes out to the following individuals, groups, agencies, businesses and organizations (no order of priority):

- ➤ Advisory Council
- Funding Partners
- Phase I Work Group Members
- ➤ Members of the Violence Prevention Work Group²⁸

²⁸ See http://louisvilleky.gov/sites/default/files/safe_neighborhoods/violence_report.pdf



Acknowledgements: Advisory Council

Lou Ann Atlas Fifth Third Bank
Ruth Brinkley KentuckyOne Health
J. Michael Brown Kentucky Justice Cabinet

Chuck Denny PNC Bank

Maggie Elder Metro United Way

Angie Evans Community Foundation of Louisville

Greg Fischer Louisville Metro Government

Kevin Flanery Churchill Downs

Darryl Griffith Darryl Griffith Foundation Donna Hargens Jefferson Co. Public Schools

Hunt Helm Bellarmine University

Gil Holland Entrepreneur

Nat IrvinUniversity of LouisvilleVincent JamesElim Baptist ChurchJon MeyerJones, Nale & Mattingly

Marta Miranda Center for Women and Families

Tom Noland Humana

Mike O'Connell Jefferson County Attorney's Office

Pam Darnall Family & Children's Place Mitchell Payne University of Louisville

Diane Porter Jefferson County School Board

Paul Perconti West End School

Sadiqa Reynolds Louisville Metro Government Ben Richmond Louisville Urban League

Barbara Sexton Smith Fund for the Arts

David Tandy Louisville Metro Council

Howard S. Marshall FB

Carla Wallace Showing Up for Racial Justice

Steve Williams Norton Healthcare

Tom Wine Commonwealth Attorney John E. Kuhn Jr. U.S. Attorney's Office

Funding Partners

Metro United Way

Humana Foundation

James Graham Brown Foundation

Casey Family Programs



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Patty Gregory Michelle Sircy Barbara Kaminer Terry Taylor

Parental Engagement

Aneeka Farrell (Co-Chair) John Nevitt **Cindy Baumert** Carolyn Miller-Cooper (Co-Judy Schroeder Kofi Darku Kristine Rogers Chair) Allene Gold Anthony Smith (Co-Chair) Carol Edelen Stella Dorsey Sharon Whitworth Dreema Jackson Jessica Homer Heather Wampler Janene Shakir Pam Horne Andrea Houston Kathy King Martha Lawfer Ramzi Sabree Toni Smith

Civic and Community Engagement

Lance Newman Alicia Hurle (co-chair) Jonathan Krigger Trey Maddox Khalilah Collins Salvador Melendez David Garvin Mary Grissom Ebony O' Rea Charles C. Davis Chad Caldwell Ben Reno-Weber



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City of Louisville

Blueprint for Safe and Healthy Neighborhoods: Phase II